

MATEMATICA III scheda 8

1) Calcolare i seguenti integrali doppi

$$a) \iint_D (1-x^2-y^2)^{3/2} dx dy \quad D = \{(x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; y \geq 0, x^2+y^2 \leq 1/4\}$$

$$b) \iint_D \frac{x+y}{(x-y)^2+1} dx dy \quad D = \{(x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; 0 \leq x+y \leq 1; 0 \leq x-y \leq 1\}$$

$$c) \iint_D xy dx dy \quad D = \{(x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; x \geq 0, y \geq 0, 4y \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4\}$$

$$d) \iint_T \frac{x^2}{y} dx dy \quad T = \left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; 1/2 \leq xy \leq 1, 2 \leq \frac{y}{x^2} \leq 3 \right\}$$

$$e) \iint_T \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} dx dy \quad T = \{(x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; 3 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 2y\}$$

$$\iint_D \frac{y^2}{x^4} \log\left(\frac{y^2}{x}\right) dx dy \quad D = \left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; x^2 \leq y \leq 2x^2, \sqrt{x} \leq y \leq 2\sqrt{x} \right\}$$

2) Dire se esiste l'integrale improprio esteso a \mathbf{R}^2 della funzione

$$f(x,y) = \frac{e^{x^2+y^2}}{\pi^{x^2+y^2}}$$

e in caso affermativo calcolarlo

3) Calcolare se esiste

$$\iint_T y^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{-x}{\sqrt{y}}\right) dx dy \quad T = \left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbf{R}^2; 0 \leq y \leq 2, 0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{y} \right\}$$